

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision date : MSDS No. : 01 Jan 2015 M1023

| General Overview | | |
|-------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| Product Name | C60 Super Lube Premium Diesel Engine Oil | |
| Product Grade | 15W-40 | |
| Physical State | Liquid | |
| Colour | Amber | |
| Odour | Mild petroleum odour | |
| Caution | Hot oil can cause thermal burns on contact Used motor oil has been associated with skin cancer in lab following extended contacts Spills may create spilling hazards. | oratory animals |
| | Hazard Rankings Protectiv | ve Equipment |
| | | Recommended tion 8 for Details |
| Section 1 | * = Chronic Health Hazard Identification | |
| Product Grade | 15W-40 | |
| Product Code | U1126C060 | |
| Product Type | Engine Oil | |
| UN Number | Not regulated | |
| CAS Number | None (mixture) | |
| Supplier | Bardahl Asia Pacific Pte Ltd 33 Ubi Avenue 3 #07-51 Vertex Singapore 408868 | |
| Telephone | 65-6634 0600 | |
| Fax | 65-6634 0900 | |
| Section 2 | Composition and Ingredients | |
| <u>Components</u> | <u>CAS No</u> | <u>Approx. %</u> |
| Petroleum distillates | May include some or all of these: 64741-88-4, 64741-89-5, 64742-01-4, 64742-54-7, 64742-65-0, 64742-94-5 | 75 - 80 |
| Proprietary ingredients | Mixtures which may include some or all of these: 25038-36-2,68648-42-3,63449-39-8 | 20 |
| Zinc or zinc compounds | May include 68649-42-3 | 0-2 |
| | The chemical identity of some or all of the above ingredier and may be withheld as permitted under 29CFR 1910.1200 All the components of this material are listed on the TSCA Inventory. | Э. |

| Section 3 | Hazards Identification | |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| Major route(s) of entry | Skin contact. | |
| Inhalation | No significant adverse health effects are expected to occur upon short-term exposure. At elevated temperatures, and/or in enclosed spaces, product mist or vapors may irritate the mucous membranes of the nose, throat, bronchi and lungs. | |
| Skin contact | This material can cause skin irritation from prolonged or repeated contact. Injection under the skin can cause inflammation and swelling. Injection of pressurised hydrocarbons can cause severe permanent tissue damage. Initial symptoms may be minor. Injection of petroleum hydrocarbons requires immediate medical attention. | |
| Eye contact | This product can cause transient mild eye irritation with short-term contact with liquid sprays or mists. Symptoms include stinging, watering, redness and swelling. | |
| Ingestion | If swallowed, large volumes of material can cause generalized depression, headache, drowsiness, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Smaller doses can cause a laxative effect. If aspirated into the lungs, liquid can cause lung damage. | |
| Chronic Health Effects Summary | This product contains a petroleum-based mineral oil. Prolonged or repeated skin contact can cause mild irritation and inflammation characterized by drying, cracking, (dermatitis) or oil acne. Repeated or prolonged inhalation of petroleum-based mineral oil mists at concentration above applicable work- place exposure levels can cause respiratory irritation or other pulmonary effects. | |
| Conditions aggravated | Disorders of the following organs or organ systems that may be aggravated | |
| by Exposure | by significant exposure to this material or its components include: | |
| Target Organs | This material may cause damage to the following organs: | |
| Carcinogen | This product is not known to contain any component at concentration above 0.1% which are considered carcinogenic by OSHA, IARC or NTP. | |
| Section 4 Eyes | First Aid Measures Check for and remove contact lenses. Flush eyes immediately with fresh water for several minutes while holding the eyelids open. If irritation persist, see a doctor. | |
| Skin | If burned by hot material, cool skin by quenching with large amount of cold water. shoes and clothing. Wipe off excess material. Wash exposed skin with mild soap and water. Seek medical attention if tissue appears damaged or pain/ irritation persists. Thoroughly clean contaminated clothing before reuse. Discard contaminated leather goods. If material is injected under the skin, seek medical attention immediately. | |
| Ingestion | Do not induce vomiting except on advice of medical personnel. Do not give anything to drink unless directed by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to a person who is not fully conscious. If significant amounts are swallowed or irritation or discomfort occurs, seek medical help immediately. | |
| Inhalation | Vaporization is not expected at ambient temperatures. This material is not expected to cause inhalation-related disorders under anticipated conditions of use. In case of overexposure, move the person to fresh air. | |
| Notes to Physician | Treatment should be controlled by symptoms and clinical conditions. Emesis maybe induced under medical supervision. In general, emesis induction is unnecessary in such high viscosity, low volatility product. SKIN: In the event of injection in underlying tissue, immediate treatment should include extensive incision, debridement, and saline irrigation. Inadequate treatment can result in ischemia and gangrene. Early symptoms maybe minimal. | |

| Section 5 | Fire Fighting Measures | |
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| Flammability | NFPA Class-IIIB combustible material | |
| Classification | | |
| Auto Ignition Temp. | Not available | |
| Flammable limits | Not determined | |
| Flash Point, °C | > 200°C (COC) | |
| Extinguishing Media | Use water fog, dry chemical, foam or carbon dioxide type. Water or foam may cause frothing. Use water to cool fire-exposed containers. If a spill or leak has not ignited, use water spray to disperse the vapour and provide protection to personnel attempting to stop the leak. | |
| Explosion / Fire Hazards | For fires involving this material, do not enter any enclosed or confined space without self-contained breathing apparatus to protect against the hazardous effects of combustion products or oxygen deficiency. | |
| Hazardous Combustion Products | Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, smoke, fumes, unburned hydrocarbons and trace oxides of sulphur and/or nitrogen. | |
| Section 6 | Accidental Release Measures | |
| In case of Spill | Stop the source of leak or release and contain spill if possible. Ventilate the area. Use respirator and protective clothing as discussed in this MSDS. Collect with absorbent material and place in appropriate, labeled containers for disposal, or if permitted, flush spilled area with water. | |
| Section 7 | Handling and Storage | |
| Handling | Avoid contamination and extreme temperatures to minimize product degradtion. Empty containers may contain product residues that can ignite with explosive force. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill or grind containers. Do not expose product containers to flames, spark, heat or other potential ignition sources. | |
| Storage | Keep containers closed. Do not store with strong oxidizing agents. Do not store at elevated temperatures. Avoid storing in direct sunlight for extended periods of time. Consult appropriate federal, state or local authorities before reusing, reconditioning, reclaiming, recycling or disposing of empty containers and/or waste residues of this product. | |
| Section 8 | Exposure Controls / Personal Protection | |
| Ventilation | Use general ventilation or local exhaust as required to maintain exposures below the occupational exposure limits. | |
| Eyes | Avoid eye contact. The wearing of chemical safety goggles or face shield is recommended. Have suitable ear wash water available. | |
| Skin | Exposed personnel should exercise reasonable personal cleanliness; this includes cleansing exposed area several times daily with soap and water, and laundering or dry cleaning soiled work clothing at least weekly. Safety shower is recommended near the work station. | |
| Inhalation | Respiratory protection is normally not required. However, if operating conditions create airborne concentrations, which exceed the recommended exposure standard(s), the use of an approved respirator is recommended. | |
| Hand Protection | Use gloves of chemical resistant materials such as neoprene or heavy nitrile rubber or appropriate barrier cream with prolonged or repeated contact. If the product is processed or handled at elevated temperatures, protect against thermal burns by using heat-resistant (insulated) gloves. Do not wear gloves or loose fitting clothing around rotating or moving equipment. | |
| Clothing Recommendations | Long sleeve shirt is recommended. Wear a chemically protective apron if available. Do not wear rings, watches, or similar apparel that could entrap the material and cause a skin reaction. | |

| Exposure limits | Oil mist, mineralACGIH TLV (USA)TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hrsSTEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutesOSHA PEL (USA)TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hrs | |
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| Section 9 | Physical and Chemical Properties (Typical) | |
| SAE Grade | 15W-40 | |
| Flash Point, [°] C | 238 | |
| Density @ 15°C, kg/l | 0.8754 | |
| Viscosity@40°C, cSt | 114 | |
| Viscosity@100°C cSt | 15.8 | |
| Appearance | Amber | |
| Odour | Mild petroleum odour | |
| Boiling Range | Not determined | |
| Vapour Pressure | < 0.1 mmHg @ 25 deg C | |
| рН | Not determined | |
| Solubility in water | Insoluble | |
| Percent volatile | Negligible | |
| Evaporation | Not determined | |
| Section 10 | Stability and Reactivity | |
| Stability | Stable | |
| Conditions to avoid | Avoid heating to decomposition | |
| Incompatibility | Normally unreactive, however, avoid strong bases at high temperatures, strong acids, strong oxidising agents and materials reactive with hydroxyl compounds. | |
| Hazardous | No additional hazardous decomposition products were identified other than | |
| Decomposition products | the combustion products identified in Section 5. | |
| Hazardous polymerization | Will not occur | |
| Section 11 | Toxicity Information | |
| Toxicity Data | Distillates, residue oils, petroleum light and heavy paraffinic: | |
| | ORAL (LD50) Acute: > 5000 mg/kg [Rat] DERMAL (LD50) Acute: > 2000 mg/kg [Rabbit] | |
| Primary routes of Entry or Exposure | Skin absortion, eye contact and inhalation | |
| Inhalation | Exposure to vapor or mist is possible. High gas, vapor or mist concentration may be harmful if inhaled repeatedly or for prolong periods of time, based on data from components or similar products. | |
| Skin | Not expected to cause skin irritation or injury during normal use, based on toxicology tests of this product. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause skin irritation including redness, burning, drying, cracking, skin burns, dermatitis, oil acne and folliculitis based on data from components | |
| Еуе | Not expected to cause eye irritation or injury during normal use, based on toxicology tests of this product. | |
| Ingestion | Single dose toxicity is low, based on toxicology tests of this product | |
| Acute Toxicity | Pre-existing skin and resiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure, | |
| | based on data from components and similar products. Health studies have | |

| IATA Class | Not Restricted | |
|-----------------------|--|--|
| | | |
| ADR/RID Class | Not Classified | |
| IMDG Marine Pollutant | No | |
| Classification | IMDG Class: not classified | |
| IMDG Code Shipping | Description: not regulated | |
| DOT Marine Pollutants | This product does not contain Marine Pollutants as defined in 49 CFR 171.8. | |
| | This product is not subjected to DOT regulations under 49 CFR Parts 171-180. | |
| | Labels Required: None | |
| Classification | UN Number: None | |
| US DOT Hazard | Proper Shipping Name: None | |
| Section 14 | the time of disposal whether the material meets RCRA criterial for hazardous waste. This is because material uses, transformations, mixtures, processes, etc may effect the classification. Transport Information | |
| Waste disposal | Check governmental regulations and local authorities for approved disposal. Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the material to determine at | |
| Section 13 | Disposal Information | |
| | eliminate natural atmospheric oxygen transport into the water. With tim not removed, oxygen depletion in waterwaycan result in a loss of marine lif create an anaerobic environment. | |
| Environmental Fate | An environmental fate analysis has not been conducted on this specific product. Plants and animals may experience harmful or fatal effects when coated with petroleum-based produtcs. Petroleum-based (mineral) lube oils will normally float on water. In stagnant or slow flowing waterways, an oil layer can cover a large surface area. As a result, this oil layer might limit or | |
| Ecotoxicity | Analysis on ecological effects has not been conducted on this product However, if spilled, this product and any contaminated soil or water may be harmful to human, animal and aquatic life. Also the coating action associated with petroleum and petroleum products can be harmful or fatal to aquatic life and waterfowl. | |
| Section 12 | Ecology Information | |
| | Good hygiene practices will reduce the likelihood of potential health effects | |
| | associated wth cancer in lifetime skin painting studies with laboratory animals. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with used notor oil. | |
| | nausea, headache, unconsciouness, effects on hearing). Used engine oil was | |
| | central nervous system depression (dizziness, drowsiness, weakness, fatigue, | |
| | (nausea, vomiting, diarrhea), irritation (nose, throat, respiratory tract), | |
| Other information | Symptoms of overexposure could include: Gastrointestinal irritation | |
| | permanent nervous system damage. | |
| emonie roxieity | Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with | |
| Chronic Toxicity | No ingredient in this product is an IARC, NTP or OSHA listed carcinogen. | |
| | exposure to liquids, vapors, mists or fumes should be minimised. | |
| | human health risks, which may vary from person to person. As a precaution, | |

| Section 16 | Other Information | |
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| RCRA Hazardous Class | Non hazardous | |
| Canadian DSL | All components are listed | |
| WHMIS (Canada) | Not regulated | |
| Notification and Release Reporting CERCLA | pursuant to the requirements of Section 313 of SARA: No components were identified.The Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) requires notification of the National Response Center concerning the release of quantities of "hazardous substances" equal to or greater than the Reportable Quantities (RQs) listed in 40 CFR 302.4. As defined by CERCLA, the term "hazardous substance" does not include petroleum, including crude oil or any fraction thereof which is not otherwise | |
| SARA 313 Toxic Chemical Notification and | This product may contain the following components in concentrations above de minimis levels that are listed as toxic chemicals in 40 CFR Part 372 pursuant to the requirements of Section 313 of SARA: | |
| SARA 311 / 312 Hazard Identification | The Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) Title III requires facilities subject to this Subpart to submit aggregated information on chemicals by "Hazard Category" as defined in 40 CFR 370.2. This material is classified under the following hazard categories: No SARA 311/312 hazard categories identified. | |
| SARA 302 / 304 Emergency Planning and Notification | The Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) Title III requires facilities subject to Subparts 302 and 304 to emergency planning and notification information based on Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQs) and Reportable Quantities (RQs) for "Extremely Hazardous Substances" listed in 40 CFR 302.4 and 40 CFR 355. No components were identified. | |
| R Phrases | N/A N/A | |
| EC Annex 1 Class | N/A | |
| Labelling information | Act (TSCA) Inventory. None needed | |
| TSCA Inventory | This product and/or its components are listed on the Toxic Substances Contro | |
| Respirator information | In the absence of local approval authorities/standards, follow US NIOSH/MSHA, UK BSI regulations. Respirators must meet the above or local standards for approved respirators | |

While the data contained herein are believed to be factual, and the opinions expressed are those of qualified experts regarding the results of tests conducted, the data are not to be taken as a warranty or representation for which we assume responsibility. They are offered for your consideration, investigation and verification. Any use of these data and information must be determined by the user to be in accordance with applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations.